

Chapter 7: Section 7.1

In problems 1-6 use definition 7.1.1 to find $\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$:

1. $f(t) = e^t \sin(3t)$

2. $f(t) = \begin{cases} e^{2t} & \text{if } 0 < t < 3 \\ 1 & \text{if } 3 < t \end{cases}$

3. $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - t & \text{if } 0 < t < 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } 1 < t \end{cases}$

4. $t \cos t$

5. e^{-3t+2}

6. $t^2 e^{-t}$

In problems 7-12 use theorem 7.1.1 to find $\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$:

7. $f(t) = 3 \cosh(2t) - t^2 + 8$

8. $f(t) = \sin(7t) \cos(3t)$

9. $f(t) = (t + 3)^2$

10. $f(t) = (e^{3t} + e^{-3t})^2$

11. $f(t) = e^t \cosh(3t)$

12. $f(t) = \cos(3t + \pi/3)$

Chapter 7: Section 7.2

In problems 1-9 find the given inverse Laplace transform $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{f(t)\}$:

1. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{(s-1)^2}{s^4}\right\}$

6. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s+2)(s^2+4)}\right\}$

2. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{6s+3}\right\}$

7. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2-s+20}\right\}$

3. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{9s^2+1}\right\}$

8. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s^2+5s+3}{s^3+s^2}\right\}$

4. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{9s}{s^2+4} - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s+3}\right\}$

9. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2-26s-47}{(s-1)(s+2)(s+5)}\right\}$

5. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s+1}{s^2+2}\right\}$

In problems 10-14 use Laplace transform to solve the given initial value problem:

10. $3y' - y = 0, y(0) = 9$

11. $y' - y = e^{3t}, y(0) = 2$

12. $y'' + y = t^2 + 2, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1$

13. $y'' - 7y' + 10y = 9 \cos t + 7 \sin t, y(0) = 5, y'(0) = -4$

14. $y''' - y'' + y' - y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = -1$

Chapter 7: Section 7.3

Solve the following problems:

1. $\mathcal{L}\{\sin(3t)(5 + e^{2t} - e^{-3t})\}$

6. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{7}{(s+3)^3}\right\}$

2. $\mathcal{L}\{e^{2t}(-7 + t^2 - 2\cos(t/2))\}$

7. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{4s-2}{s^2(s+1)^3}\right\}$

3. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{3}{2s^2+8s+10}\right\}$

8. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s}{(s-3)^3}\right\}$

4. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s+2}{s^2+2s+10}\right\}$

5. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2+6s+9}\right\}$

9. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{-2s^2+8s-14}{(s+1)(s^2-2s+5)}\right\}$

In problems 10-13 use Laplace transform to solve the given initial value problem:

10. $y' - y = 1 + te^t, y(0) = 0$

11. $y'' - 2y' + 5y = -8e^{-t}, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 12$

12. $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0, y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 6$

13. $2y'' + 20y' + 51y = 0, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0$

Chapter 7: Section 7.4

In problems 1-4 use Theorem 7.4.1 to evaluate the given Laplace transform:

1. $\mathcal{L}\{te^{-5t}\}$

3. $\mathcal{L}\{t^2 \sinh 3t\}$

2. $\mathcal{L}\{t \cos(\sqrt{2}t)\}$

4. $\mathcal{L}\{te^{-t} \sin(4t)\}$

Use Laplace transform to solve the given initial value problem:

5. $y' + y = 2t \sin t, y(0) = 0$

In problems 6-9 use Theorem 7.4.2 to evaluate the given Laplace transform:

6. $\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t \cos \tau d\tau\right\}$

8. $\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t \tau e^{t-\tau} d\tau\right\}$

7. $\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t \tau \sin \tau d\tau\right\}$

9. $\mathcal{L}\left\{t \int_0^t \tau e^{-\tau} d\tau\right\}$

In problems 10-12 use formula (8) to evaluate the given inverse transform:

10. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s(s-1)}\right\}$

12. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s(s-3)^2}\right\}$

11. $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^3(s-1)}\right\}$